Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

Compilation Date: 1 January 2006 Issue Date: 9 October 2016

Revision No: 2.0

Page 1

1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name

No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

Other Means of Identification

None

Product Code

5lt: 44-527, 20lt: 44-515

Product Use

No rinse sanitiser for food preparation areas.

Usage rate 500 to One

Solo Pak Pty Ltd

Supplier ABN Mail Address

29 076 652 269 PO Box 67, Brisbane Markets QLD, 4106

Email sales@solopak.com.au

Telephone: 1300 307 755

Emergency Telephone:

Poisons Information Centre (National) 131126

2. Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule S5

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion / Irritation – Category 2 Eye Irritation – Category 2A

Acute Aquatic Hazard - Category 2

GHS Label Elements



SIGNAL WORD

Hazard Statement(s)

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life

Prevention(s)

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product

container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

Page 1 of 7 No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser SDS Version 2.0 Created 9 October 2016

Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

P103 Read label before use.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Refer to the SDS before using this product

Response

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before

reuse.

P305+P351+P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for

several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice /

P337+P313 attention.

P302+P352 | IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Storage

Not applicable

Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulations.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

(Listed when present at 1% or greater, carcinogens at 0.1% or greater)

Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number	% Weight	Hazard Information
Water	7732-18-5	To 100	None
Didecyl Dimethylammoni um Chloride	7173-51-5	<10	H301: Toxic if swallowed H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318: Serious eye damage Category 1 H400: Acute aquatic toxicity Category 1 H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equaled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

4. First Aid Measures

General For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Australia 13 11

26) or a doctor. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately

give a glass of water.

Inhalation If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from

contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.

Skin: If skin contact occurs:

Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).

Page 2 of 7 No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser SDS Version 2.0 Created 9 October 2016

Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

Eyes If this product comes in contact with the eyes:

Wash out immediately with fresh running water.

Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.

Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.

Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be

undertaken by skilled personnel.

Ingestion: If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (headdown position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration.

Observe the patient carefully.

Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with

reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious.

Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as

much as casualty can comfortably drink.

Symptoms Seek medical advice.
Prolonged skin contact

Prolonged skin contact may result in dermatitis or reddening of the

skin

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media

The product contains a substantial proportion of water, therefore there are no restrictions on the type of extinguishing media which may be used. Choice of extinguishing media should take into account surrounding areas.

Though the material is non-combustible, evaporation of water from the mixture, caused by the heat of nearby fire, may produce floating layers of combustible substances.

In such an event consider: foam.

Fire Fighting

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Use fire fighting procedures suitable for surrounding area.

Fire and Explosion Hazards

Non combustible.

Not considered to be a significant fire risk.

Expansion or decomposition on heating may lead to violent rupture of containers.

Decomposes on heating and may produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO).

Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of:, carbon dioxide (CO2), hydrogen chloride, phosgene, nitrogen oxides (NOx), other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material

Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills

Clean up all spills immediately.

Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective

equipment.

Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or

vermiculite.

Slippery when spilt.

Major Spills Moderate hazard.

Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.

Slippery when spilt.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

7. Precautions for handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for Safe

Handling

Limit all unnecessary personal contact.

Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Use in a well ventilated area.

Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with

skin

Other Information Store in original containers.

Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable containers Lined metal can, lined metal pail/ can.

Plastic pail. Polyliner drum.

Packing as recommended by manufacturer.

Storage

Incompatibility

None known

8. Exposure controls /personal protection

National Exposure

Standards

An exposure standard has not been established for this product.

Engineering Controls

Use in well-ventilated area

Personal Protection

Eyes/Face Hands

Safety glasses

ds Rubber gloves. Avoid skin contact.

Page 4 of 7 No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser SDS Version 2.0 Created 9 October 2016

Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

Skin Not generally required when used as per label directions. Avoid skin

contact.

Respiratory Not generally required when used as per label directions. Avoid

inhaling spray mist.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical Description & Clear Red mobile liquid.

colour: Odour: Typical QAC odour

Boiling Point: Approximately 100°C at 100kPa. Lower than 0° C.

89% Water. Volatiles: Vapour Pressure: No data. Vapour Density: No data. Specific Gravity: 1.03

Freezing/Melting Point:

Water Solubility: Completely soluble in water.

pH: 7.0-8.0 Volatility: No data. Odour Threshold: No data. **Evaporation Rate:** No data Coeff Oil/water No data

distribution:

10. Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability The product is stable under normal conditions

Possibility of Hazardous None known Reaction

Conditions to Avoid

Incompatible Materials

Hazardous

Decomposition Products

Extreme heat and temperatures

Strong oxidizing agents

None known

11. Toxicological information

Toxicology No toxicity information is available for this product.

Information

Inhalation Aspiration (breathing in) of liquid spray or mist liable to cause

severe irritation and damage to respiratory tract.

Ingestion Quaternary ammonium salts in high concentrations are irritant.

May cause gastric upset.

Skin Will have a degreasing effect on the skin which may lead to

irritation on prolonged contact with the concentrate.

Eye Irritant.

Chronic Effects Repeated skin contact with the concentrate may lead to

dermatitic effects.

Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity No data available

The substance is expected to be readily biodegradable according Persistence /

to the AS 4351 Part 2 test protocol. Degradability Bioaccumulation is unlikely to occur.

Potential

Bio-accumulative

Mobility in Soil No data available

13. Disposal considerations

Containers should be emptied as completely as practical before **Disposal**

disposal. If possible, recycle product and containers either in-house or send to recycle company. If this is not practical, send to a

commercial waste disposal site.

14. Transport Information

UN Number This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good by ADG, IATA

or IMDG/IMSBC criteria. No special transport conditions are

necessary unless required by other regulations.

15. Regulatory Information

All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant **AICS**

with NICNAS regulations.

16. Other information

Abbreviations

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Ecotoxic Concentration 50% — concentration in water which is EC50 fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species) Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or ES

chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed in a work day Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of **GHS**

Chemicals

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide

information to emergency services, especially fire fighters

International Agency for Research on Cancer **IARC**

Lower Explosive Limit LEL

Lethal Dose 50% — dose which is fatal to 50% of a test LD50

population (usually rats).

Lethal Concentration 50% — concentration in air which is fatal to LC50

50% of a test population (usually rats)

NICNAS National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment

Solo Pak No Rinse Kitchen Sanitiser

Scheme

Peak Limitation Peak Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a

biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at

any time.

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne

concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker

may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is

not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average — generally referred to ES averaged

over typical work day (usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

References

Data Unless otherwise stated comes from IUCLID datasheet for the

specific chemical.

NOHSC: 1003 National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 1995,

Exposure Standards for Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

[NOHSC: 1003(199511

Prepared By Date of Issue Changes Made References

Jon Sprinkhuizen 9th of October 2016

Update SDS to GHS format

Australian Dangerous Goods Code Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice 2011. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

(SUSMP) Guidance

Contact Person/Point

Australia 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT Poisons

Information Centre 13 11 26

Legal Disclaimer

The above information is believed to be correct with respect to the formula used to manufacture the product in the country of origin. As data, standards, and regulations change, and conditions of use and handling are beyond our control, NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE

COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS

INFORMATION.

End of SDS