Solo Pak Rinse Aid

Compilation Date: 1 January 2006 Issue Date: 9 October 2016

Revision No: 2.0

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1. Chemical Product and Company Identification

Product Name Rinse Aid Other Means of Identification

Product Code
Product Use

5lt: 44-501, 15lt: 44-516, 20lt: 44-518
Drying aid in dishwashing machines

Supplier Solo Pak Pty Ltd ABN 29 076 652 269

Mail Address PO Box 67, Brisbane Markets QLD, 4106

Email sales@solopak.com.au

Telephone: 1300 307 755 **Facsimile** 07 3378 4100

Emergency Poisons Information Centre (National) 131126 **Telephone:**

2. Hazards Identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

This product is classified as Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the Criteria of NOHSC, and the ADG Code.

GHS Classification

Eye Damage / Irritation 2A

GHS Label Elements



SIGNAL WORD WARNING

Hazard Statement(s)

H319 Causes serious eye irritation

Prevention(s)

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P270 Wash contacted areas thoroughly after handling.
P280 Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye

protection / face protection.

Refer to the SDS before using this product

Response

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P301+P330+P331 | IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce

vomiting

P303+P361+P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Storage

P404: Store in a closed container.

Disposal

P 5 0 1 Dispose of small quantities and empty containers by wrapping with

paper and putting in garbage. For larger quantities, if recycling or reclaiming is not possible, use a commercial waste disposal

service.

3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

(Listed when present at 1% or greater, carcinogens at 0.1% or greater)

Chemical Name	CAS Registry Number	% Weight	Exposure Standards TWA mg/m³	Exposure Standards STEL
Oxirane, 2-methyl-, polymer with oxirane, mono(2-propylheptyl) ether	166736-08-9	10-30	not set	not set
Citric acid	77-92-9	<10	not set	not set
Ethanol	64-17-5	<10	1880	not set
Water	7732-18-5	>60	not set	not set

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

4. First Aid Measures

Skin

General For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre (Australia 13 11

26) or a doctor. If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately

give a glass of water.

Inhalation No first aid measures normally required. However, if inhalation has

occurred, and irritation has developed, remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If irritation becomes painful or persists

more than about 30 minutes, seek medical advice.

Wash gently and thoroughly with water (use non-abrasive soap if

necessary) for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.

Eyes Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed, while

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holding the eyelid(s) open. Obtain medical advice immediately if irritation occurs. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion If swallowed,

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Wash mouth with water and

contact a Poisons Information Centre, or call a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed Treat symptomatically.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning

materials.

Fire Fighting If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the

fire brigade.

Fire and Explosion

Hazards

The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic

or oxygen

deficient (or both), fire gases. There is no risk of an explosion from

this product under normal circumstances if it is

involved in a fire.

Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from

this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness.

Fire decomposition products from this product are likely to be

irritating if inhaled.

Flash point: Upper Flammability

Limit:

nit:

Lower Flammability Limit:

Autoignition

temperature:

Flammability Class:

Does not burn.

Does not burn.

Does not burn.

Not applicable - does not burn.

Does not burn.

6. Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Minor Spills Clean up all spills immediately.

Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes.

Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective

equipment.

Contain and absorb spill with sand, earth, inert material or

vermiculite.

Major Spills Minor hazard.

Clear area of personnel.

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Control personal contact with the substance, by using protective

equipment as required.

7. Precautions for handling and storage

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Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for Safe Limit all unnecessary personal contact.

Handling Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.

Use in a well-ventilated area.

Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with

skin

Other Information Store in original containers.

Keep containers securely sealed. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area.

Store away from incompatible materials and foodstuff containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable containers Polyethylene or polypropylene container.

Packing as recommended by manufacturer.

Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.

Storage None known

Incompatibility

8. Exposure controls /personal protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and

AS/NZS 1337, Occupational Protective Footwear: AS/NZS2210.

Occupational exposure limit values

STEL			TWA		
Name	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
Ethanol	_	• •	1880	1000	

Exposure limits have not been established by SWA for any other significant ingredients in this product.

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

Ventilation: This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If

natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

Eye Protection: Eye protection such as protective glasses or goggles is

recommended when this product is being used.

Skin Protection: You should avoid contact even with mild skin irritants. Therefore

you should wear suitable impervious elbow-length gloves and facial protection when handling this product. See below for

suitable material types.

Protective Material

Types:

We suggest that protective clothing be made from the

following materials: rubber, PVC.

Respirator: Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product.

However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally

necessary.

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Safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Non-viscous liquid

Colour
Odour
PH
Vapour pressure
Vapour density

Blue
Faint odour
3.0 neat
No data.
No data.

Boiling point Approximately 100°C

Boiling range No data.

Melting point No data.

Solubility in water Miscible

Specific gravity 0.98 – 1.0 @ 25 °C Flash point Non Flammable

Solubility limits N/a

Percent volatile Approx 85 % v/v

10. Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal

storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the

supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid Keep containers tightly closed.

Incompatible Materials Oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected

from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness. Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and

unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

11. Toxicological information

Local Effects:

Target Organs There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient Risk Phrases

No ingredient mentioned in the HSIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.

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Potential Health Effects

Inhalation Short Term Exposure: Available data indicates that this product is

not harmful. However product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with

long term inhalation.

Skin Contact Short Term Exposure: This product is a skin irritant. Symptoms may

include itchiness and reddening of contacted skin. Other symptoms may also become evident, but if treated promptly, all should

disappear once exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with

long term skin exposure.

Eye Contact Short Term Exposure: This product is a severe eye irritant.

Symptoms may include stinging and reddening of eyes and watering which may become copious. Other symptoms such as swelling of eyelids and blurred vision may also become evident. If exposure is brief, symptoms should disappear once exposure has ceased. However, lengthy exposure or delayed treatment is likely to

cause permanent damage.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with

long term eye exposure.

Ingestion Short Term Exposure: Significant oral exposure is considered to be

unlikely. However, this product is a severe oral irritant. Symptoms may include extreme pain and reddening of skin in mouth and throat. Other symptoms such as blisters may also become evident,

and may last long after exposure has ceased.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with

long term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status

SWA No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA

NTP No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

IARC No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

12. Ecological information

Environmental May be harmful to aquatic organisms.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal

Containers should be emptied as completely as practical before disposal. If possible, recycle product and containers either in-house or send to recycle company. If this is not practical, send to a

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commercial waste disposal site.

14. Transport Information

UN Number This product is not classified as a Dangerous Good by ADG, IATA

or IMDG/IMSBC criteria. No special transport conditions are

necessary unless required by other regulations.

15. Regulatory Information

AICS All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant

with NICNAS regulations.

16. Other information

Abbreviations

GHS

AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CAS Number Unique Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

EC50 Ecotoxic Concentration 50% — concentration in water which is fatal to 50% of a test population (e.g. daphnia, fish species)

ES Exposure Standard - The airborne concentration of a biological or

chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed in a work day

Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

HAZCHEM Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide

information to emergency services, especially fire fighters

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

LEL Lower Explosive Limit

LD50 Lethal Dose 50% — dose which is fatal to 50% of a test

population (usually rats).

LC50 Lethal Concentration 50% — concentration in air which is fatal to

50% of a test population (usually rats)

NICNAS National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment

Scheme

Peak Exposure Value: The maximum airborne concentration of a

biological or chemical agent to which a worker may be exposed at

any time.

SDS Safety Data Sheet

STEL Short Term Exposure Limit - The maximum airborne

concentration of a chemical or biological agent to which a worker may be exposed in any 15 minute period, provided the TWA is

not exceeded

TWA Time Weighted Average — generally referred to ES averaged

over typical work day (usually 8 hours)

UEL Upper Explosive Limit
UN Number United Nations Number

References

Data Unless otherwise stated comes from IUCLID datasheet for the

specific chemical.

NOHSC: 1003 National Occupational Health and Safety Commission 1995,

Exposure Standards for Adopted National Exposure Standards for Atmospheric Contaminants in the Occupational Environment

[NOHSC:1003(199511

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Prepared By Date of Issue Changes Made References

Jon Sprinkhuizen 9th of October 2016

Update SDS to GHS format

Australian Dangerous Goods Code Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice 2011. Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

(SUSMP) Guidance

Contact Person/Point

Australia 24 HOUR EMERGENCY CONTACT Poisons

Legal Disclaimer

Information Centre 13 11 26
The above information is believed to be correct with respect to the formula used to manufacture the product in the country of origin. As data, standards, and regulations change, and conditions of use and handling are beyond our control, NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, IS MADE AS TO THE COMPLETENESS OR CONTINUING ACCURACY OF THIS INFORMATION.

End of SDS